



International Journal of Gerontology

journal homepage: <http://www.sgecm.org.tw/ijge/>



CME for 20.2

- Regarding emergency department (ED) visits in Taiwan in 2021, which of the following is correct?
 - Adults aged 65 and older accounted for about 20% of ED visits and 32% of total ED costs
 - Adults aged 65 and older accounted for about 32% of ED visits and 41% of total ED costs
 - Adults aged 65 and older accounted for about 40% of ED visits and 4% of ED costs
 - Adults aged 65 and older accounted for less than 10% of ED visits
- How many items are included in the final version of the TSAR screening tool?
 - 5 items
 - 6 items
 - 7 items
 - 8 items
- Which of the following was NOT an inclusion criterion in this study?
 - Age 65 years or older
 - TTAS level between 2 and 5
 - Ability to communicate independently
 - Admission due to severe acute illness requiring immediate intensive care
- Compared with the low-risk group ($TSAR \leq 2$), older adults in the high-risk group ($TSAR > 2$) were characterized by which of the following?
 - Younger age and fewer comorbidities
 - Better ADL performance
 - Higher proportion of emergency-level TTAS and more comorbidities
 - Significantly higher educational level
- A 78-year-old male presents to the emergency department. His TTAS level is 2 (emergency), Charlson Comorbidity Index score is 3, and Modified Katz ADL score is 9. His TSAR score is 3. According to the study findings, which of the following is most appropriate?
 - He belongs to the low-risk group and does not require further assessment
 - He belongs to the high-risk group because the optimal TSAR cut-off point is 2
 - He has not yet reached the high-risk threshold, which requires 4 points or higher
 - TSAR cannot distinguish between high- and low-risk groups

Issue date: April 1st, 2026

Expiration date: July 31st, 2026

Volume 20 Issue 1 Answers:

- (E)
- (D)
- (C)
- (D)
- (E)